

Lampiran 1. Surat Keterangan Determinasi Tanaman


**KEMENTERIAN RISET TEKNOLOGI DAN PENDIDIKAN TINGGI
 UNIVERSITAS DIPONEGORO
 FAKULTAS SAINS DAN MATEMATIKA
 LAB EKOLOGI & BIOSISTEMATIK DEPARTEMEN BOLOGI**
 Jl. Prof H Soedarto SH Tembalang Semarang, 024 7474754, 024 76480923

SURAT KETERANGAN

Yang bertanda tangan dibawah ini, menyatakan bahwa mahasiswa sbb :

Nama	:	Anjas Nur Sidik
NIM	:	125010787
Fakultas/Prodi	:	FARMASI
Perguruan Tinggi	:	UNIVERSITAS WAHID HASYIM SEMARANG
Judul Karya Ilmiah : 'Formulasi Sirup Ekstrak Etanol Daun Sirih Merah <i>(Piper crocotentum Ruiz dan Pav)</i> dan Uji Aktivitas Mukolitik Pada Mukus Usus Sapi Secara In Vitro'		
Pembimbing	:	-

Telah mendeterminasikan/mengidentifikasi sampel tumbuhan (satu jenis) di Laboratorium Ekologi dan Biosistematis Departemen Biologi Fak MIPA UNDIP. Hasil determinasi/identifikasi terlampir.

Demikian surat keterangan ini dibuat untuk dapat digunakan seperlunya.

Semarang, Agustus 2016
 Laboratorium Ekologi & Biosistematis
 Koordinator.

 Dr. Jafra Wasiq Hidayat, M.Sc.
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Lanjutan Lampiran 1


**KEMENTERIAN RISET, TEKNOLOGI DAN PENDIDIKAN TINGGI
 UNIVERSITAS DIPONEGORO
 FAKULTAS SAINS DAN MATEMATIKA
 LABORATORIUM EKOLOGI & BIOSISTEMATIK DEPARTEMEN BIOLOGI
 Jl. Prof H Soedarto SH Tembalang Semarang, 024 7474754, 024 76480923**

HASIL DETERMINASI/IDENTIFIKASI

Klasifikasi	
Kingdom	: Plantae (tumbuhan)
Subkingdom	: Tracheobionta (berpembuluh)
Superdivisio	: Spermatophyta (menghasilkan biji)
Divisio	: Magnoliophyta (berbunga)
Kelas	: Dicotyledoneae
Sub-kelas	: -
Ordo	: Piperales
Famili	: Piperaceae
Genus	: Piper
Spesies	: <i>Piper crocotentum</i> Ruiz and Pav. (Sirih Merah)
Anonim	: <i>Piper betle</i> Linn. Var. <i>rubrum</i>

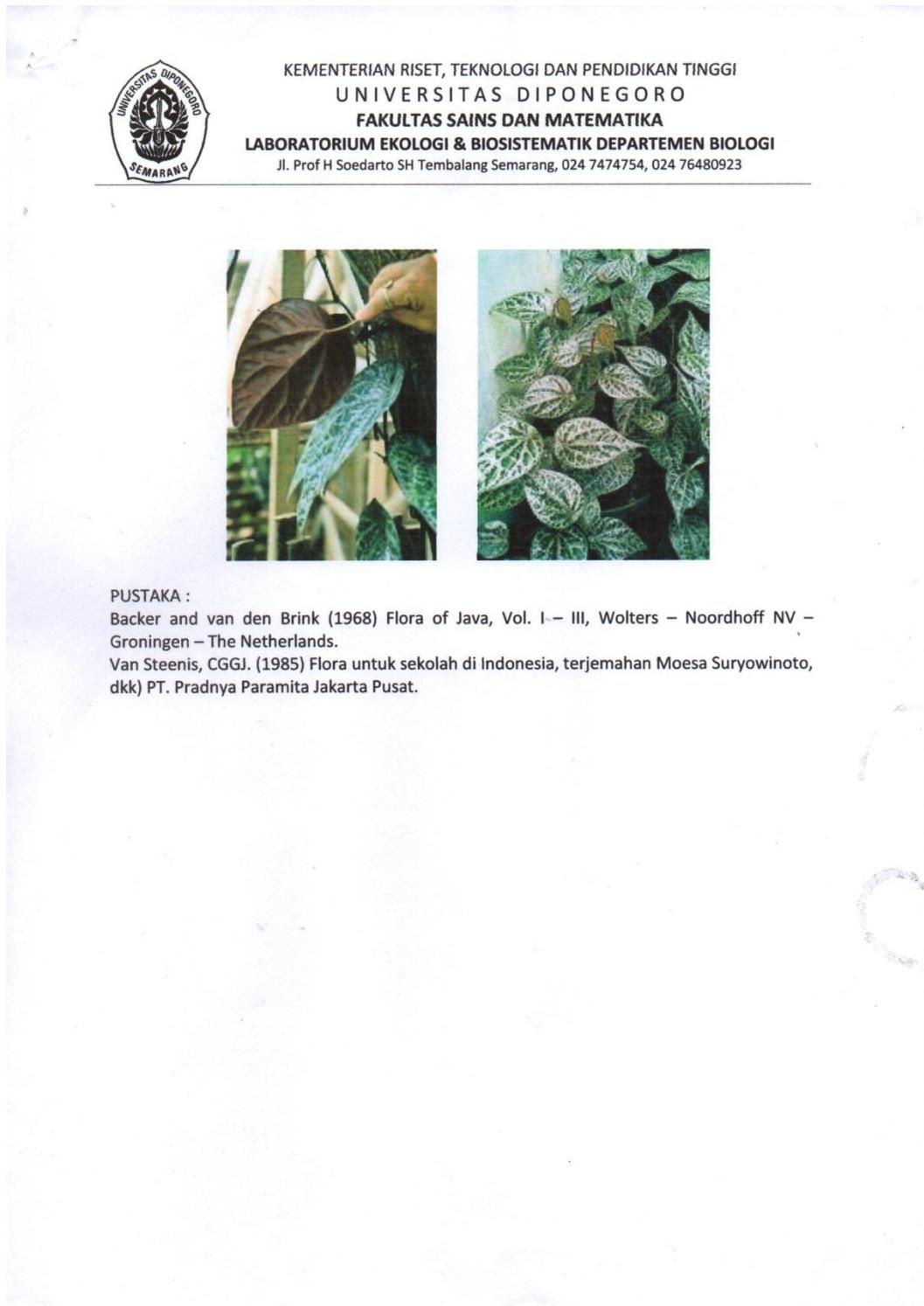
Hasil determinasi/identifikasi :

1b, 2b, 3b, 4b, 6b, 7b, 9a. Golongan : Tumbuh-tumbuhan membelit atau memanjang. 41b, 42b, 43b, 54b, 59b, 61b, 62b, 63a, 64a. Familia : Piperaceae (Sebangsa lada). 1. Genus *Piper*. 1. Spesies *Piper crocotentum* Ruiz and Pav. Anonim *Piper betle* Linn. Var. *rubrum* (Sirih Merah).

Deskripsi :

Tumbuhan memanjang, daun berseling atau tersebar. Helaian daun bulat telur sampai memanjang dengan pangkal daun berbentuk jantung dan ujung meruncing, warna daun permukaan atas kemerahan, permukaan bawah merah. Bunga berkelamin satu berumah satu atau dua. Bulir berdiri sendiri di ujung dan berhadapan dengan daun. Bulir jantan dengan benang sari dua sangat pendek. Bulir betina dengan kepala putik tiga sampai lima. Buah buni dengan ujung bebas dan membulat. Bulir masak berambut abu-abu, rapat. Biji bentuk lingkaran. Tanaman liar yang telah banyak dibudidayakan, banyak ditanam di halaman penduduk sebagai tanaman obat maupun tanaman hias. Daun dan buah dipakai makan sirih dan menjadi obat-obatan.

Lanjutan Lampiran 1



Lampiran 2. Surat Keterangan Telah Selesai Melakukan Penelitian



Lanjutan Lampiran 2.



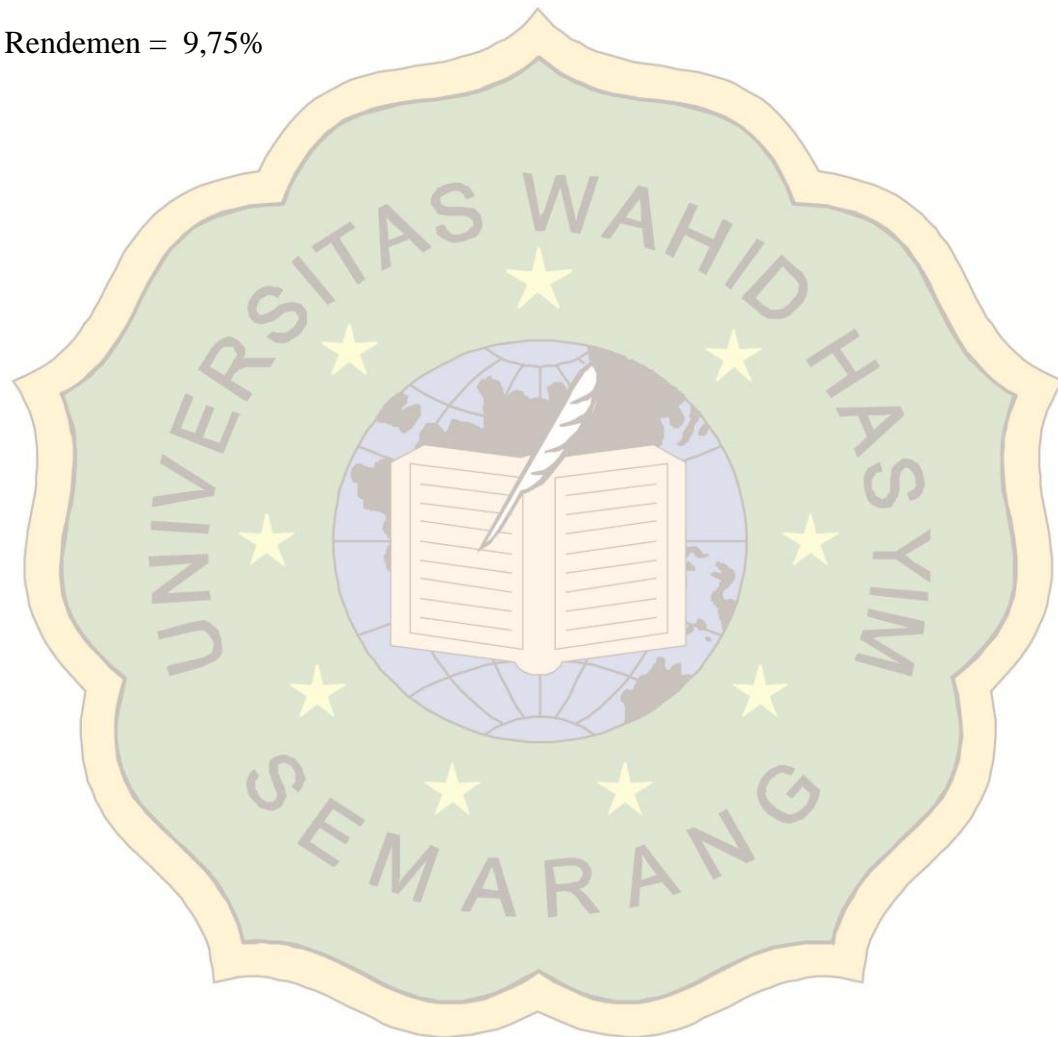
Lampiran 3. Perhitungan Rendemen Ekstrak Etanol Daun Sirih Merah

Rumus :

$$\text{Rendemen} = \frac{\text{Berat ekstrak daun sirih merah}}{\text{Berat serbuk daun sirih merah}} \times 100\%$$

$$\text{Rendemen} = \frac{115,01 \text{ gram}}{1180 \text{ gram}} \times 100\%$$

$$\text{Rendemen} = 9,75\%$$



Lampiran 4. Perhitungan BJ Sirup Ekstrak Etanol Daun Sirih Merah

Density of water 37⁰C

Dari table handbook of chemistry and physics (Robert C. Weast, Ph.D., 1986).

suhu	BJ Air
35 ⁰ C	0,99406 g/ml
36 ⁰ C	
37 ⁰ C	0,99335 g/ml
38 ⁰ C	0,99299 g/ml

- Cara mencari BJ air suhu 37⁰C

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{37^{\circ}C - 35^{\circ}C}{38^{\circ}C - 37^{\circ}C} = \frac{x - 0,99406 \text{ g/ml}}{0,99299 \text{ g/ml} - x} \\
 & \frac{2}{1} = \frac{x - 0,99406 \text{ g/ml}}{0,99299 \text{ g/ml} - x} \\
 & 2(0,99406 \text{ g/ml} - x) = (x - 0,99299 \text{ g/ml}) \\
 & (1,98598 \text{ g/ml} - 2x) = (x - 0,99299 \text{ g/ml}) \\
 & (1,98598 \text{ g/ml} + 0,99299 \text{ g/ml}) = (x + 2x) \\
 & (2,98004 \text{ g/ml}) = 3x \\
 & \underline{\underline{2,98004 \text{ g/ml}}} \quad = x \\
 & 0,99335 \text{ g/ml} = x
 \end{aligned}$$

- Mencari BJ sirup ekstrak etanol daun sirih merah

Diketahui : bobot pikno kosong = 30,211g

bobot pikno + air = 40,147g

bobot sirup FI = 41,115g

bobot sirup FII = 41,136g

bobot sirup FIII = 41,182g

bobot sirup FIV = 41,203g

bobot sirup FV = 41,217g

bobot sirup kontrol (+) = 41,442g

bobot sirup kontrol (-) = 41,259g

Bj air suhu 37°C = 0,99335 g/ml

Ditanya : Berapa Bj masing-masing sirup tersebut ??

Jawab :

$$BJ = \frac{\text{bobot sirup}(g)}{\text{volume pikno}(ml)}$$

- Mencari bobot air =

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{bobot piknometer + air} \\ &\text{bobot piknometer kosong} \\ &\text{bobot air} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 40,147g \\ &= 30,211g \\ &= 9,936g \end{aligned}$$

- Mencari volume piknometer

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{\text{bobot air}(g)}{BJ \text{ air } 37^\circ\text{C}} \\ &= \frac{9,936 \text{ g}}{0,99335 \text{ g/ml}} \\ &= 10,00252 \text{ ml} \end{aligned}$$

$$\triangleright \text{ BJ sirup FI} = \frac{\text{bobot piknometer + sirup}}{\text{bobot piknometer kosong}} - \frac{\text{bobot sirup}}{\text{bobot sirup}} = 41,115\text{g} \\ = 30,211\text{g} \\ = 10,904\text{g}$$

$$= \frac{\text{bobot sirup (g)}}{\text{volume piknometer (ml)}} = \frac{10,904 \text{ g}}{10,00252 \text{ ml}}$$

$$= 1,09013 \text{ g/ml}$$

$$\triangleright \text{ BJ sirup FII} = \frac{\text{bobot piknometer + sirup}}{\text{bobot piknometer kosong}} - \frac{\text{bobot sirup}}{\text{bobot sirup}} = 41,136\text{g} \\ = 30,211\text{g} \\ = 10,925\text{g}$$

$$= \frac{\text{bobot sirup (g)}}{\text{volume piknometer (ml)}} = \frac{10,925 \text{ g}}{10,00252 \text{ ml}}$$

$$\triangleright \text{ BJ sirup FIII} = \frac{\text{bobot piknometer + sirup}}{\text{bobot piknometer kosong}} - \frac{\text{bobot sirup}}{\text{bobot sirup}} = 41,182\text{g} \\ = 30,211\text{g} \\ = 10,971\text{g}$$

$$= \frac{\text{bobot sirup (g)}}{\text{volume piknometer (ml)}} = \frac{10,971 \text{ g}}{10,00252 \text{ ml}}$$

$$= 1,09682 \text{ g/ml}$$

➤ BJ sirup FIV = bobot piknometer + sirup = 41,203g
 bobot piknometer kosong = 30,211g
 bobot sirup = 10,992g

$$= \frac{\text{bobot sirup (g)}}{\text{volume piknometer (ml)}} = \frac{10,992 \text{ g}}{10,00252 \text{ ml}}$$

$$= 1,09892 \text{ g/ml}$$

➤ BJ sirup FV = bobot piknometer + sirup = 41,217g
 bobot piknometer kosong = 30,211g
 bobot sirup = 11,006g

$$= \frac{\text{bobot sirup (g)}}{\text{volume piknometer (ml)}} = \frac{11,006 \text{ g}}{10,00252 \text{ ml}}$$

$$= 1,10032 \text{ g/ml}$$

➤ BJ sirup asetilsistein 2% (kontrol positif) = bobot piknometer + sirup = 41,442g
 bobot piknometer kosong = 30,211g
 bobot sirup astilsistein = 11,231g

$$= \frac{\text{bobot sirup (g)}}{\text{volume piknometer (ml)}} = \frac{11,231 \text{ g}}{10,00252 \text{ ml}}$$

$$= 1,12282 \text{ g/ml}$$

- BJ sirup tanpa ekstrak (kontrol negatif)

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
 & = & \text{bobot piknometer + sirup} \\
 & & \text{bobot piknometer kosong} \\
 & & \hline
 & & \text{bobot sirup} \\
 & & = 41,259\text{g} \\
 & & = 30,211\text{g} \\
 & & \hline
 & & = 11,048\text{g}
 \end{array}$$

$$= \frac{\text{bobot sirup (g)}}{\text{volume piknometer (ml)}} = \frac{11,048\text{ g}}{10,00252\text{ ml}}$$

$$= 1,10452\text{g/ml}$$



Lampiran 5. Perhitungan Viskositas Sirup Ekstrak Etanol Daun Sirih Merah

Diketahui :	BJ sirup FI	= 1,09013 g/ml
	BJ sirup FII	= 1,09223 g/ml
	BJ sirup FIII	= 1,09682 g/ml
	BJ sirup FIV	= 1,09892 g/ml
	BJ sirup FV	= 1,10032 g/ml
	BJ sirup asetilsistein 2%	= 1,12282 g/ml
	BJ sirup tanpa ekstrak	= 1,10452 g/ml
	BJ air suling	= 0,99335 g/ml
	T air suling	= 8,73 detik
	η air suling 37°C	= 0,6915 cps

Ditanya : viskositas masing-masing sirup ?

Jawab : RUMUS

$$\text{Viskositas} = \frac{BJ \text{ sampel} \times t \text{ sampel}}{BJ \text{ air suling} \times t \text{ air suling}} \times \eta \text{ air suling } 37^{\circ}\text{C}$$

t sampel sesudah penambahan larutan dapar mukus 20% :

Formula	Replikasi I	Replikasi II	Replikasi III
Formula I	00 : 20,6 detik	00 : 21,5 detik	00 : 21,3 detik
Formula II	00 : 23,8 detik	00 : 23,1 detik	00 : 24,7 detik
Formula III	00 : 27,7 detik	00 : 26,7 detik	00 : 27,4 detik
Formula IV	00 : 34,6 detik	00 : 34,4 detik	00 : 35,3 detik
Formula V	00 : 39,4 detik	00 : 38,9 detik	00 : 38,6 detik
Kontrol Positif	00 : 35,6 detik	00 : 34,8 detik	00 : 34,7 detik
Kontrol Negatif	00 : 53,1 detik	00 : 51,0 detik	00 : 51,7 detik

Viskositas FI(a)	$= \frac{1,09013 \text{ g/ml} \times 20,6 \text{ detik}}{0,99335 \text{ g/ml} \times 8,73 \text{ detik}} \times 0,6915 \text{ cps}$
	$= 1,7906 \text{ cps}$
Viskositas FI(b)	$= \frac{1,09013 \text{ g/ml} \times 21,5 \text{ detik}}{0,99335 \text{ g/ml} \times 8,73 \text{ detik}} \times 0,6915 \text{ cps}$
	$= 1,8689 \text{ cps}$
Viskositas FI(c)	$= \frac{1,09013 \text{ g/ml} \times 21,3 \text{ detik}}{0,99335 \text{ g/ml} \times 8,73 \text{ detik}} \times 0,6915 \text{ cps}$
	$= 1,8515 \text{ cps}$
Viskositas FII(a)	$= \frac{1,09223 \text{ g/ml} \times 23,8 \text{ detik}}{0,99335 \text{ g/ml} \times 8,73 \text{ detik}} \times 0,6915 \text{ cps}$
	$= 2,0728 \text{ cps}$
Viskositas FII(b)	$= \frac{1,09223 \text{ g/ml} \times 23,1 \text{ detik}}{0,99335 \text{ g/ml} \times 8,73 \text{ detik}} \times 0,6915 \text{ cps}$
	$= 2,0119 \text{ cps}$
Viskositas FII(c)	$= \frac{1,09223 \text{ g/ml} \times 24,7 \text{ detik}}{0,99335 \text{ g/ml} \times 8,73 \text{ detik}} \times 0,6915 \text{ cps}$
	$= 2,1512 \text{ cps}$
Viskositas FIII(a)	$= \frac{1,09682 \text{ g/ml} \times 27,7 \text{ detik}}{0,99335 \text{ g/ml} \times 8,73 \text{ detik}} \times 0,6915 \text{ cps}$
	$= 2,4227 \text{ cps}$
Viskositas FIII(b)	$= \frac{1,09682 \text{ g/ml} \times 26,7 \text{ detik}}{0,99335 \text{ g/ml} \times 8,73 \text{ detik}} \times 0,6915 \text{ cps}$
	$= 2,3352 \text{ cps}$
Viskositas FIII(c)	$= \frac{1,09682 \text{ g/ml} \times 27,4 \text{ detik}}{0,99335 \text{ g/ml} \times 8,73 \text{ detik}} \times 0,6915 \text{ cps}$
	$= 2,3964 \text{ cps}$

Viskositas FIV(a) $= \frac{1,09892 \text{ g/ml} \times 34,6 \text{ detik}}{0,99335 \text{ g/ml} \times 8,73 \text{ detik}} \times 0,6915 \text{ cps}$
 $= 3,0319 \text{ cps}$

Viskositas FIV(b) $= \frac{1,09892 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{ml}} \times 34,4 \text{ detik}}{0,99335 \text{ g/ml} \times 8,73 \text{ detik}} \times 0,6915 \text{ cps}$
 $= 3,0144 \text{ cps}$

Viskositas FIV(c) $= \frac{1,09892 \text{ g/ml} \times 35,3 \text{ detik}}{0,99225 \text{ g/ml} \times 8,73 \text{ detik}} \times 0,6915 \text{ cps}$
 $= 3,0932 \text{ cps}$

Viskositas FV(a) $= \frac{1,10023 \text{ g/ml} \times 39,4 \text{ detik}}{0,99335 \text{ g/ml} \times 8,73 \text{ detik}} \times 0,6915 \text{ cps}$
 $= 3,4569 \text{ cps}$

Viskositas FV(b) $= \frac{1,10023 \text{ g/ml} \times 38,9 \text{ detik}}{0,99335 \text{ g/ml} \times 8,73 \text{ detik}} \times 0,6915 \text{ cps}$
 $= 3,4131 \text{ cps}$

Viskositas FV(c) $= \frac{1,10023 \text{ g/ml} \times 38,6 \text{ detik}}{0,99335 \text{ g/ml} \times 8,73 \text{ detik}} \times 0,6915 \text{ cps}$
 $= 3,3867 \text{ cps}$

Viskositas Kontrol(+) a $= \frac{1,12282 \text{ g/ml} \times 35,6 \text{ detik}}{0,99335 \text{ g/ml} \times 8,73 \text{ detik}} \times 0,6915 \text{ cps}$
 $= 3,1305 \text{ cps}$

Viskositas Kontrol(+) b $= \frac{1,12282 \text{ g/ml} \times 34,8 \text{ detik}}{0,99335 \text{ g/ml} \times 8,73 \text{ detik}} \times 0,6915 \text{ cps}$
 $= 3,0602 \text{ cps}$

Viskositas Kontrol(+)c $= \frac{1,12282 \text{ g/ml} \times 34,7 \text{ detik}}{0,99335 \text{ g/ml} \times 8,73 \text{ detik}} \times 0,6915 \text{ cps}$
 $= 3,0514 \text{ cps}$

$$\text{Viskositas Kontrol}(-)\text{a} = \frac{1,10452 \text{ g/ml} \times 41,3 \text{ detik}}{0,99335 \text{ g/ml} \times 8,73 \text{ detik}} \times 0,6915 \text{ cps} \\ = 3,6375 \text{ cps}$$

$$\text{Viskositas Kontrol}(-)\text{b} = \frac{1,10452 \text{ g/ml} \times 42,1 \text{ detik}}{0,99335 \text{ g/ml} \times 8,73 \text{ detik}} \times 0,6915 \text{ cps} \\ = 3,7079 \text{ cps}$$

$$\text{Viskositas Kontrol}(-)\text{c} = \frac{1,10452 \text{ g/ml} \times 41,5 \text{ detik}}{0,99335 \text{ g/ml} \times 8,73 \text{ detik}} \times 0,6915 \text{ cps} \\ = 3,6551 \text{ cps}$$

Viskositas kontrol negatif, kontrol positif, sediaan uji dengan lima varian konsentrasi

Replikasi	Viskositas (cps)						
	Kontrol negatif	Kontrol positif	Konsentrasi ekstrak dalam sirup (%)				
			0,3	0,5	0,7	0,9	1,1
I	3,6375	3,1305	1,7906	2,0728	2,4227	3,0319	3,4569
II	3,7079	3,0602	1,8689	2,0119	2,3352	3,0144	3,4131
III	3,6551	3,0514	1,8515	2,1512	2,3964	3,0932	3,3867
Rata-rata	3,6668	3,0807	1,8370	2,0786	2,3848	3,0465	3,4189
SD	0,0299	0,0354	0,0336	0,0570	0,0366	0,0338	0,0289

Lampiran 6. Hasil Uji Normalitas

Uji Normalitas

Tests of Normality

	Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	Df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
kontrol(+)	.349	3	.	.832	3	.194
kontrol(-)	.292	3	.	.923	3	.463
formula1	.304	3	.	.907	3	.407
formula2	.200	3	.	.995	3	.862
formula3	.269	3	.	.950	3	.568
formula4	.305	3	.	.907	3	.407
formula5	.232	3	.	.980	3	.729

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Nilai sig > 0,05 sehingga data dikatakan terdistribusi normal



Lampiran 7. Hasil Uji Homogenitas Varian

Test of Homogeneity of Variances

Viskositas

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
.384	6	14	.877

Nilai sig. > 0,05 berarti varian antar kelompok sama, data homogen
Data terdistribusi normal, maka dilanjutkan uji parametrik yaitu one way anova



Lampiran 8. Hasil Uji Anova Satu Jalan

ANOVA					
Viskositas					
	Sum of Squares	Df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	8.678	6	1.446	680.691	.000
Within Groups	.030	14	.002		
Total	8.707	20			

Nilai sig. < 0,05 maka ada perbedaan antara viskositas dan formula, selanjutnya dilakukan uji beda dengan metode post hoc LSD terhadap kelompok formula



Lampiran 9. Hasil Uji Post Hoc

Multiple Comparisons

Viskositas

LSD

(I) formula	(J) formula	Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	95% Confidence Interval	
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound
kontrol positif	kontrol negatif	-.5861333*	.0376362	.000	-.666855	-.505412
	formula I	1.2437000*	.0376362	.000	1.162978	1.324422
	formula II	1.0020667*	.0376362	.000	.921345	1.082788
	formula III	.6959333*	.0376362	.000	.615212	.776655
	Formula IV	.0352000	.0376362	.366	-.045522	.115922
	formula V	-.3382000*	.0376362	.000	-.418922	-.257478
kontrol negative	kontrol positif	.5861333*	.0376362	.000	.505412	.666855
	formula I	1.8298333*	.0376362	.000	1.749112	1.910555
	formula II	1.5882000*	.0376362	.000	1.507478	1.668922
	formula III	1.2820667*	.0376362	.000	1.201345	1.362788
	Formula IV	.6213333*	.0376362	.000	.540612	.702055
	formula V	.2479333*	.0376362	.000	.167212	.328655
formula I	kontrol positif	-1.2437000*	.0376362	.000	-1.324422	-1.162978
	kontrol negatif	-1.8298333*	.0376362	.000	-1.910555	-1.749112
	formula II	-.2416333*	.0376362	.000	-.322355	-.160912
	formula III	-.5477667*	.0376362	.000	-.628488	-.467045
	Formula IV	-1.2085000*	.0376362	.000	-1.289222	-1.127778
	formula V	-1.5819000*	.0376362	.000	-1.662622	-1.501178
formula II	kontrol positif	-1.0020667*	.0376362	.000	-1.082788	-.921345
	kontrol negatif	-1.5882000*	.0376362	.000	-1.668922	-1.507478
	formula I	.2416333*	.0376362	.000	.160912	.322355
	formula III	-.3061333*	.0376362	.000	-.386855	-.225412
	Formula IV	-.9668667*	.0376362	.000	-1.047588	-.886145
	formula V	-1.3402667*	.0376362	.000	-1.420988	-1.259545

formula III	kontrol positif	-.6959333*	.0376362	.000	-.776655	-.615212
	kontrol negatif	-1.2820667*	.0376362	.000	-1.362788	-1.201345
	formula I	.5477667*	.0376362	.000	.467045	.628488
	formula II	.3061333*	.0376362	.000	.225412	.386855
	Formula IV	-.6607333*	.0376362	.000	-.741455	-.580012
	formula V	-1.0341333*	.0376362	.000	-1.114855	-.953412
Formula IV	kontrol positif	-.0352000	.0376362	.366	-.115922	.045522
	kontrol negatif	-.6213333*	.0376362	.000	-.702055	-.540612
	formula I	1.2085000*	.0376362	.000	1.127778	1.289222
	formula II	.9668667*	.0376362	.000	.886145	1.047588
	formula III	.6607333*	.0376362	.000	.580012	.741455
	formula V	-.3734000*	.0376362	.000	-.454122	-.292678
formula V	kontrol positif	.3382000*	.0376362	.000	.257478	.418922
	kontrol negatif	-.2479333*	.0376362	.000	-.328655	-.167212
	formula I	1.5819000*	.0376362	.000	1.501178	1.662622
	formula II	1.3402667*	.0376362	.000	1.259545	1.420988
	formula III	1.0341333*	.0376362	.000	.953412	1.114855
	Formula IV	.3734000*	.0376362	.000	.292678	.454122

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

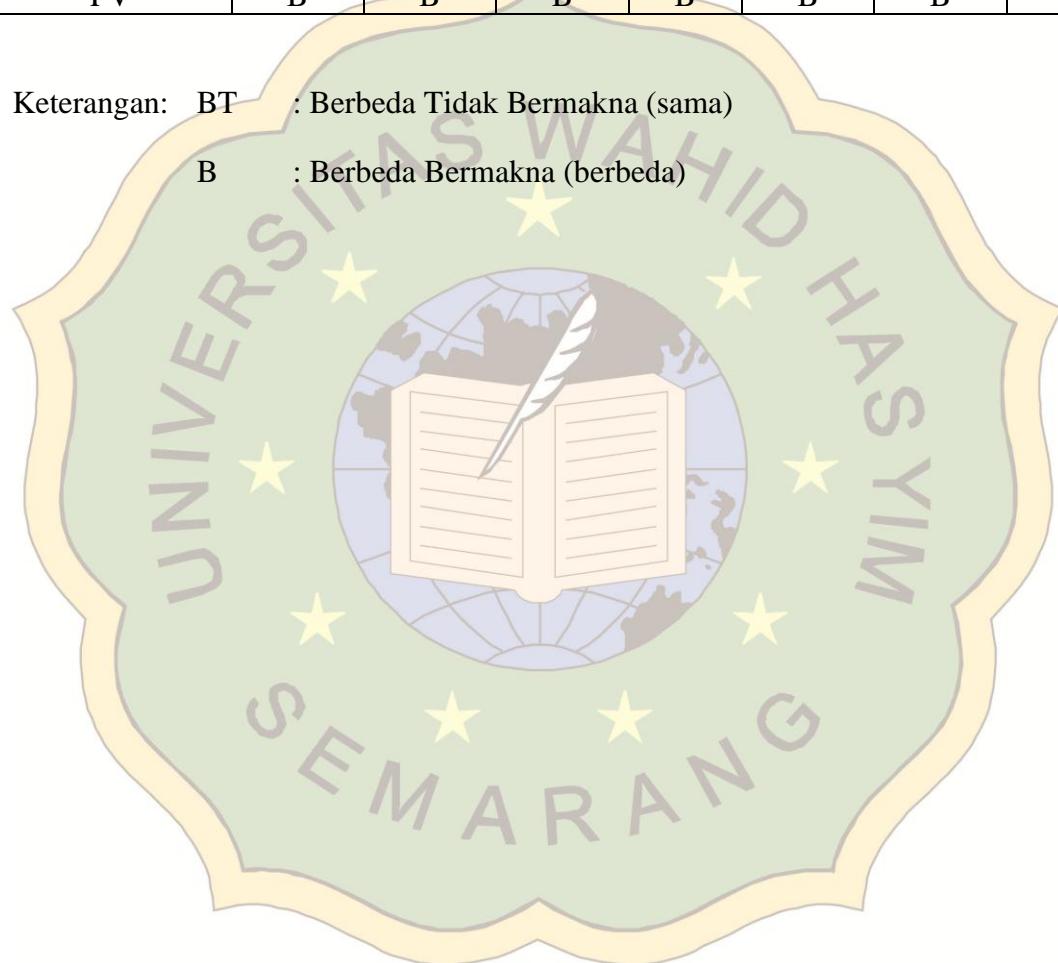


Lampiran 10. Tabel Ringkasan Hasil Uji LSD

Perlakuan	Kesimpulan					
	Kontrol negatif	Kontrol positif	Konsentrasi ekstrak dalam sirup (%)			
			0,3	0,5	0,7	0,9
Kontrol negatif	-	B	B	B	B	B
Kontrol positif	B	-	B	B	B	BT
FI	B	B	-	B	B	B
FII	B	B	B	-	B	B
FIII	B	B	B	B	-	B
FIV	B	BT	B	B	B	-
FV	B	B	B	B	B	-

Keterangan: BT : Berbeda Tidak Bermakna (sama)

B : Berbeda Bermakna (berbeda)



Lampiran 11. Data Selisih Nilai Viskositas antara Kontrol Negatif dengan Kontrol Positif dan Semua Formula

Replikasi	Kontrol positif	Viskositas (cps)				
		Konsentrasi Ekstrak dalam Sirup (%)b/v				
		0,3	0,5	0,7	0,9	11,0
I	0,5070	1,8469	1,5647	1,2148	0,6056	0,1806
II	0,6477	1,8390	1,6960	1,3727	0,6935	0,2948
III	0,6037	1,8036	1,5039	1,2587	0,5619	0,2684
Rata-rata						
SE						

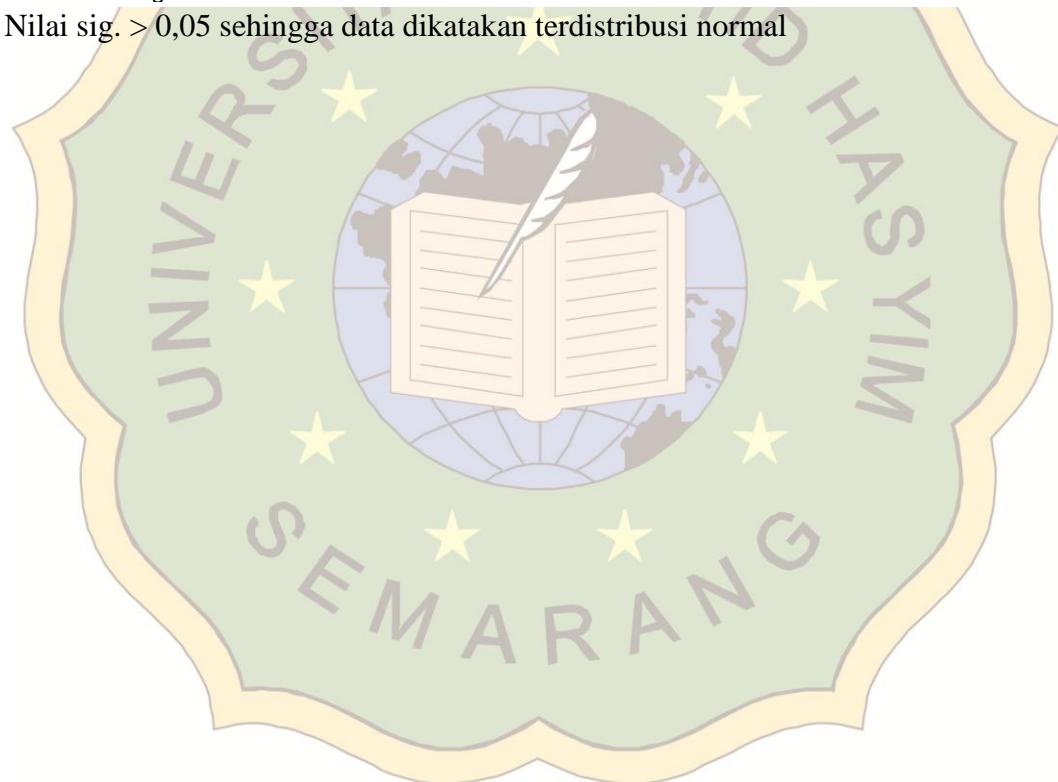


Lampiran 12. Hasil Uji Normalitas Distribusi

		Tests of Normality					
		Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a			Shapiro-Wilk		
	formula	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
viskositas	kontrol positif	.263	3	.	.955	3	.593
	formula I	.321	3	.	.881	3	.329
	formula II	.261	3	.	.957	3	.601
	formula III	.279	3	.	.938	3	.521
	formula IV	.254	3	.	.964	3	.634
	formula V	.301	3	.	.912	3	.425

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Nilai sig. > 0,05 sehingga data dikatakan terdistribusi normal



Lampiran 13. Hasil Uji Homogenitas Varian

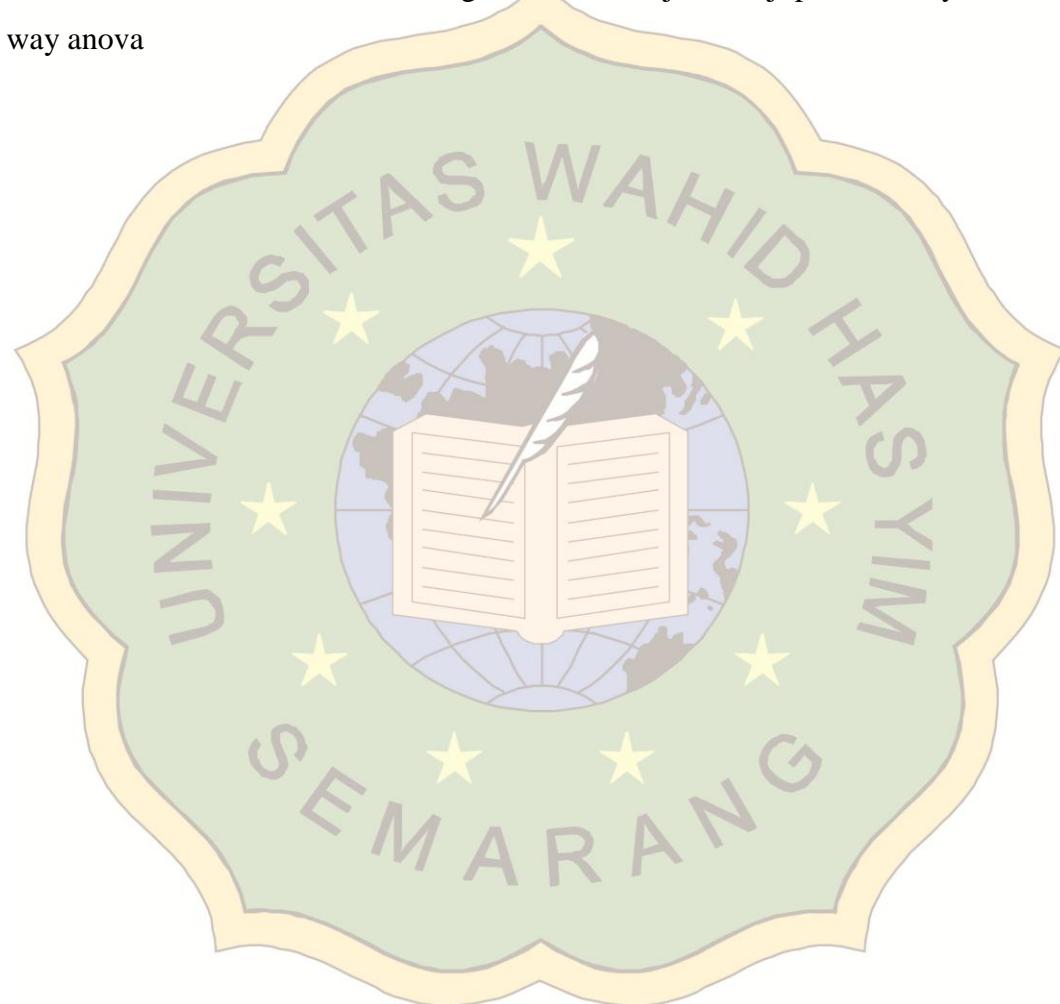
Test of Homogeneity of Variances

Viskositas

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
1.075	5	12	.421

Nilai sig. > 0,05 berarti varian antar kelompok sama, data homogen

Data terdistribusi normal dan homogen, maka dilanjutkan uji parametrik yaitu one way anova

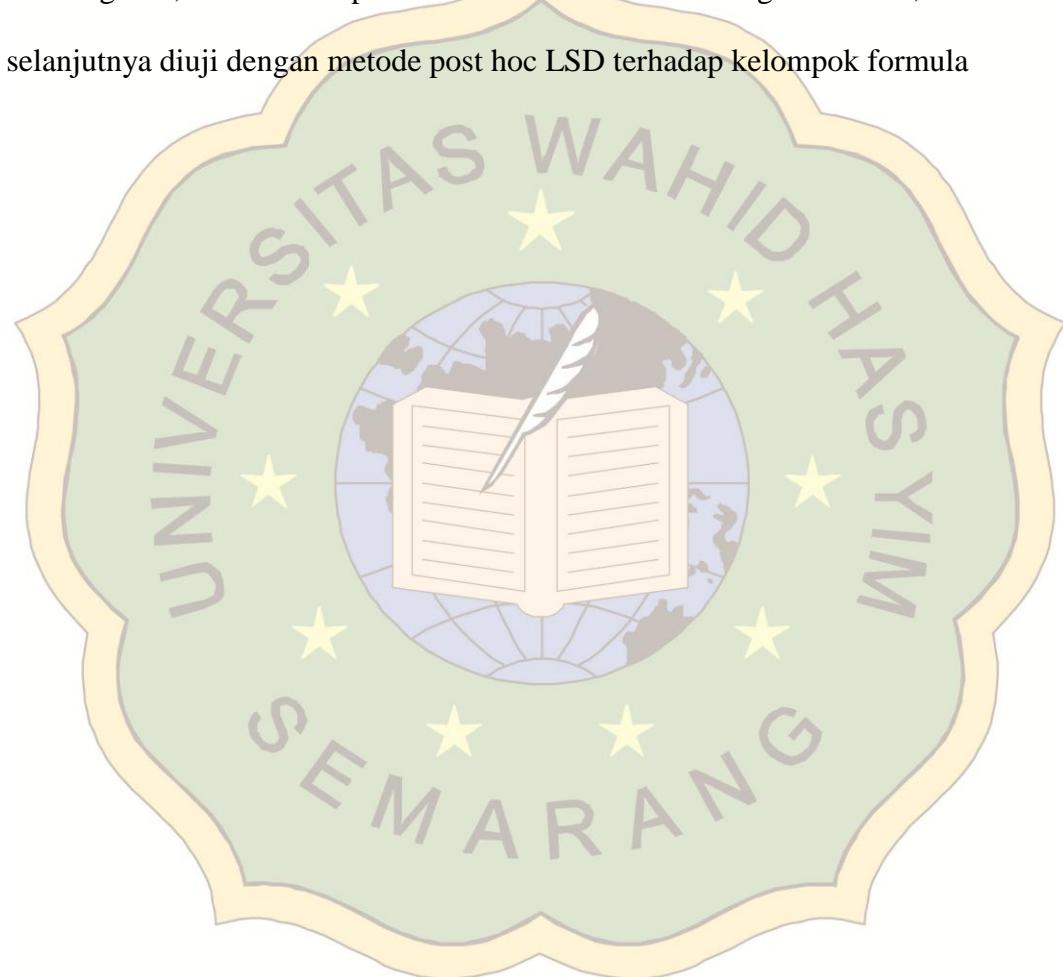


Lampiran 14. Hasil Uji Anova Satu Jalan

ANOVA					
Viskositas					
	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	5.974	5	1.195	238.456	.000
Within Groups	.060	12	.005		
Total	6.034	17			

Nilai sig. < 0,05 maka ada perbedaan antara viskositas dengan formula,

selanjutnya diuji dengan metode post hoc LSD terhadap kelompok formula



Lampiran 15. Hasil Uji Post Hoc

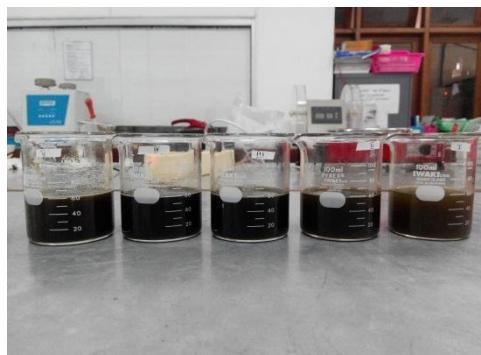
Multiple Comparisons

Viskositas
LSD

(I) formula	(J) formula	Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	95% Confidence Interval	
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound
kontrol positif	formula I	-1.2437000*	.0577944	.000	-1.369623	-1.117777
	formula II	-1.0020667*	.0577944	.000	-1.127990	-.876144
	formula III	-.6959333*	.0577944	.000	-.821856	-.570010
	formula IV	-.0342000	.0577944	.565	-.160123	.091723
	formula V	.3382000*	.0577944	.000	.212277	.464123
formula I	kontrol positif	1.2437000*	.0577944	.000	1.117777	1.369623
	formula II	.2416333*	.0577944	.001	.115710	.367556
	formula III	.5477667*	.0577944	.000	.421844	.673690
	formula IV	1.2095000*	.0577944	.000	1.083577	1.335423
	formula V	1.5819000*	.0577944	.000	1.455977	1.707823
formula II	kontrol positif	1.0020667*	.0577944	.000	.876144	1.127990
	formula I	-.2416333*	.0577944	.001	-.367556	-.115710
	formula III	.3061333*	.0577944	.000	.180210	.432056
	formula IV	.9678667*	.0577944	.000	.841944	1.093790
	formula V	1.3402667*	.0577944	.000	1.214344	1.466190
formula III	kontrol positif	.6959333*	.0577944	.000	.570010	.821856
	formula I	-.5477667*	.0577944	.000	-.673690	-.421844
	formula II	-.3061333*	.0577944	.000	-.432056	-.180210
	formula IV	.6617333*	.0577944	.000	.535810	.787656
	formula V	1.0341333*	.0577944	.000	.908210	1.160056
formula IV	kontrol positif	.0342000	.0577944	.565	-.091723	.160123
	formula I	-1.2095000*	.0577944	.000	-1.335423	-1.083577
	formula II	-.9678667*	.0577944	.000	-1.093790	-.841944
	formula III	-.6617333*	.0577944	.000	-.787656	-.535810
	formula V	.3724000*	.0577944	.000	.246477	.498323
formula V	kontrol positif	-.3382000*	.0577944	.000	-.464123	-.212277
	formula I	-1.5819000*	.0577944	.000	-1.707823	-1.455977
	formula II	-.13402667*	.0577944	.000	-.1466190	-1.214344
	formula III	-.10341333*	.0577944	.000	-.1160056	-.908210
	formula IV	-.3724000*	.0577944	.000	-.498323	-.246477

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

Lampiran 16. Dokumentasi Penelitian



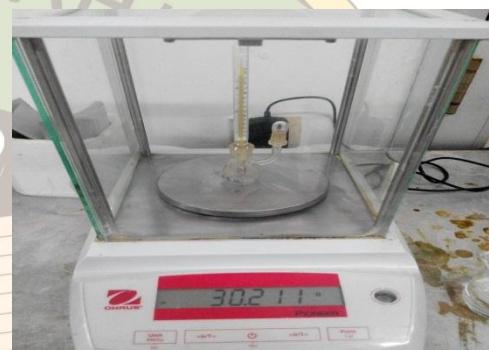
Formula sirup ekstrak etanol
daun sirih merah



Alat pH meter untuk uji pH sirup



Alat viskositas Oswald



Alat piknometer untuk mencari
BJ sirup



Proses inkubasi sirup pada suhu 37°C



Proses inkubasi sirup untuk
mencari BJ sirup dalam suhu 37°C